أسئلة وإجابتها للصف الأول الثانوي الفصل الدراسى الثانى لغات

Q1 :put a tick(\checkmark)before the right phrases and (x) before the wrong ones:

1- Th	e event "Shown" happens once at the window appearance for the first time.	(√)
2- We	e Open channel of communication between the program that is created in Vi	sual Basic.net
lan	guage and excel file by using ADO.NET tools.	(✓)
3- Yo	ou can use a variable of type (OleDbCommand) for the purpose of opening a	channel of
CO	mmunication data file .	(\mathbf{x})
4- Ty	pe the select Statment : Select * form Table1 to get the number of countries	form the data
tab	le table1.	(x)
5- Im	ages can be displayed in the control (PictureBox).	(✓)
6- Ty ₁	be the select Statment: Select Count (*) from Table1 retrieve all records form a spreads	heet table1. (x)
7- Th	e announcement of a Function is done by using the word "Sub".	(\mathbf{x})
8- Im	ages can be displayed in the control(Label).	K)
9- Ty	pe the following Select Statement to show the "Continent" column from the	data table Table1
wi	thout repetition: Select Distinct القارة form Table 1. (🗸)	
10-	The function From File is used to assign a picture from a file.	(✓)
11-	"Flags" is the folder where image files of countries maps will be saved.	(x)
12-	The (\$) operator is used to concatenate between string variables and te	xt; the result is a
sin	gle string.	(x)
13-	The property Display Member of the control ComboBox can be used to	specify a field
fro	m the data source that appears inside this control.	(✓)
14-	"da.file" Is a way to fill the rows (records) in (DataTable) inside the men	nory. (✔)
15-	The procedure in the code window begins with command (Function).	(x)
16-	Adjust the Visible property with False value to hidden the control.	(✓)
17-	When declaring a variables in an event it can t be used out of the range	of this event (✓)
18-	Ending of statements (IF) with (End If).	(✓)
19-	Ending of statements (IFThenElse) with (End If).	(✓)
20-	The announcement of a procedure is done by using the statement "Priva	ate Sub" (✓)
Q2:Choc	se the correct answer between brackets:	
1 Th	e announcement of a procedure is done by using the (private Sub –)	Dim Data Tyna)
	is used in the declaration of variables. (private Sub – $\underline{\mathbf{Di}}$	• • •
	m dt As New Data Type: the variable is and his type	
3- DI		Data Type
4 Th	(column $ \underline{\mathbf{Dt}}$ $-$ econtrol is used to select one of its elements .	Data Type)
'1 - 111	e	- Data Tuna)
5_ "		- Data Type)
J		os - property)
	(Variable – <u>Fla</u> s	<u>sa</u> - property)

dat 7- Dim Var 8- When us	ata source content, to display in this tool. (Variable – Flags - propertion of the ComboBox tool) (Variable – Flags - propertion of the ComboBox tool) (Variable – Flags - propertion of the Value assigned to string constant is placed be (Flags – quotations – Visual Basic ogramming language wich used in typing the program code is	<u>rty</u>) operty) etween .
	(Flags – quotations – Visual Basic	. <u>Net</u>)
(Connect 11-Assign the Text) .My	Assign the value used for the command of the communication channel to the procession. My command	<u>n</u> - sql) nmand on - <u>sql</u>)
	(<u>Da</u> – Connection	- sql)
13- W	When using the where condition the value assigned to string constant is placed (quotations – Where - Dat	
a- AI b- OI c- <u>Da</u> 2- From a- Mo b- <u>Co</u> c- Fo 3- Type a- <u>Se</u> b- Se c- Se 4- The a a- Su b- <u>Fu</u> c- IF	Function F s button on the keyboard to open the Code window.	

6- The return value from the function (GetDatafromExcelSheet).is of type....... a- ADO.NET b- Data table c- OleDbConnection **Q4- Give the suitable term to the following sentences:** 1- Awindow where the event handler are typed. (Code window) 2- It is a statement which is used for discovering the errors which occurs during the program (Try / catch) runtime. 3- It is the blueprint that describes the details which any object takes its properties. Methods and .Events. Class 4- The basic constructive element in Object Oriented Programming. **Object** 5- It is a link between the database and Visual basic. Provider Sql 6- It is a Programming language designed for managing database files. 7- It is Namespace that contains a set of Classes that can be used to manipulate database. OleDb **Q5- Complete the following sentences from between the brackets:** (ValueMember – DataTable – Sub – Try /Catch – ADO.NET - Variable) 1- We Open channel of communication between the program that is created in Visual Basic.net language and excel file by usingtools. **ADO.NET** 2- The property of the control ComboBox can be used to specify a field from the data source as the value of each element of the list items. ValueMember 3- The announcement of a procedures is done by using the word Sub 4- You can create a variable of type (......) in – memory , in which we store data were brought from the data file. **DataTable** 5- You can use to discover errors while running the program and display an appropriate message for this error. Try /Catch Variable 6- Dim Variable Name As Type. **Q6:** Put (\checkmark) in front of the correct phrase and (\times) in front of the wrong ones: 1. To open the code window press F5 key from keyboard. (*) 2. The function [GetdataFromExcelSheet(FilePath as string, sql As string) As DataTable] returns with value of data type (DataTable). 3. Begin the declaration of function with the name of (GetdataFromExcelSheet) with the word Sub. **(x**) 4. The function (Function) doesn't allow including parameters. **(***) 5. The parameters in the function of (GetdataFromExcelSheet) are FilePath and Sql. Q7: Fill in the spaces using the following words:

(Events – names of controls – function – 2 – Dim – FilePath)

- 1- The function [GetdataFromExcelSheet(FilePath as string, sql As string) As DataTable] contend the number of **2** parameters.
- 2- The parameter **FilePath** for function (GetdataFromExcelSheet) represent the path of Excel file.
- 3- We declare the function of (GetdataFromExcelSheet) with a word function
- 4- We declare the variable of MyConnection, MyCommand with a word **Dim**

5- In the code window a list of Class Name displays <u>names of controls</u>.but the list of Method Name displays **Q8: Fill in the spaces using the following words:** (Private Sub – Try Catch – me - & - NewDataTable – Double – dt) 1- To open the code window on default event handlers for tool **Double** click on the tool on design mode. 2- The Procedure begins on the code window with the phrase **Private Sub** 3- The command (Dim dt as NewDataTable) the variable is **NewDataTable** and variable type is **dt**

- 4- The word **me** used in the code to indicate the current Form.
- 5- Try Catch statement used in detected errors which happens during running the program.
- 6- Joining symbol & used to join string literal to form only one string literal.

Q9: Choose the correct answers:

1- Programming language used in electronic Arabic Atlas project is

(**Visual Basic.net** – Visual C – Visual J)

- 2- is default event for ComboBox tool. (<u>SelectIndexChanged</u> – SelectIndex – Index)
- 3- It's preferable that new name for Button command begin with three letter are

(frm - btn - utj)

10: Put (\checkmark) in front of the correct phrase and (\times) in front of the wrong ones:

- 1. Visual Basic.net language doesn't allow changing the default name for the tool. **(X)**
- 2. The event (SelectIndexChanged) check item that you choose in ComboBox control.
- 3. Using statement (Try ... Catch) in discover error that occur during running the program. (✓)
- 4. Its preferable to start the new name for (label) control with three letters are bel. (**x**)

Q11: Put (\checkmark) in front of the correct phrase and (\times) in front of the wrong ones:

- 1. The scope of using variables and constants in the program is defined by declaration place. (\checkmark)
- 2. The reserved word "Me" used in the code window to refer to the end of procedure.
- 3. At the declaration of the variable in the class level it's not allowed to use it except in the event procedure only. **(X**)
- **(√**) 4. Declaration begins for the variable with the word Dim.
- 5. VB.net doesn't allow the declaration about variables without defined its value. **(X)**

Q12: Choose the correct answers:

- 1. To use the variable in more than one procedure without occur errors in the program you should (Tool – **Class** – Procedure) declare about it in the level.
- 2. Conditional (If) statement ends with the word (End Sub - Stop If - End If)
- 3. In the case of using conditional (If) statement. If the result of condition is false the program executes command follow the word (Then - Else - End Sub)

Q13: Fill in the spaces using the following words:

(name – sound – image – video)

- 1- Property **name** is common property among all objects and used in dealing with object in code window.
- 2- The file named (Egypt.wmv) is suitable for making a file video
- 3- The file named (Egypt.mp3) is suitable for making a file sound
- 4- The file named (Egypt.png) is suitable for making a file **image**

Q14- Complete the following sentences

<u>ADO (ActiveX Data Object):</u> It is an advanced technology that can be used to design "Controls" not as ordinary tools; but "Controls" that get access to databases over appropriate applications and develop applications and Programming Projects i.e (Windows Applications and Web Application) that manipulate data from a diversity of databases.

<u>ADO.NET</u> is a set of classes that provides access to multiple data sources; such as "Microsoft SQL Server, Microsoft Access, and Oracle". These softwares can create/manipulate databases; ADO.NET is a part of the Framework.

<u>Class</u>: A (Class) is the blueprint/ plan / template, from which the individual objects, are created. It is the blueprint that describes the details which any object takes (its Properties, Methods and, Events); and are derived from the (Class).

Object: An Object is characterized by:

- 1- The properties that describe and specify an Object.
- 2- The events that occur on an Object.
- 3- The methods or actions that an object can perform; upon the occurrence of a particular event.

<u>An (Object)</u> is the basic constructive element in Object Oriented Programming; it is created from a defined class. Thus an (Object) exists only after a certain (Class) has been created.

Namespace: A Namespace contains a set of related classes that can be used when needed.

Framework: Is the platform for Visual Studio. NET applications that:

- 1- Enables developers to create applications like (Desktop applications , Web applications and Mobile applications).
- 2- Provides a development environment for running all applications.

The Framework is composed of:

- 1- The execution engine (CLR) Common Language Runtime.
- 2- The .NET class libraries (System Class Libraries).
- 3- (Compilers).
- 4- Other elements.

SQL (Structured Query Language): It is a programming language designed for managing database files

Select: It is one of the SQL statements used to retrieve records from a table or from multiple tables in the database.

<u>DataSource:</u> The source of data (A file located in a storage media or a table stored in the memory).

<u>OleDb:</u> It is a Namespace that contains a set of Classes that can be used to manipulate databases that have been designed using Microsoft Office; OleDb stands for (Object Linked & Embedded Database)

Provider: It is a link between the database and Visual basic. Each Database program has its own Data Provider (Connection, Command and, DataAdapter).

<u>OleDb.OleDbConnection:</u> It is a (Class) from where we can create a variable "MyConnection "out of this class; to open a communication channel with the worksheet that holds data; in data file.

<u>OleDbCommand:</u> It is a Class from where we can create a variable "MyCommand" out of this class; to execute a query and get data from data file.

<u>OleDb.OleDbDataAdapter:</u> It is a Class from where we can create a variable "da" out of this class; this variable works as a converter of data (Data Adapter) from the database to the data table for the variable dt located in the memory.

<u>MyConnection.ConnectionString:</u> It's a Property that contains the informtion required to open a communication channel like: FilePath, Data Source and, Provider.

<u>CommandText:</u> It is a Property for the variable MyCommand which contains a "String expression" representing a SQL syntax.

<u>DataSet:</u> It is a Class from where we can create a variable: ds. This variable in the computer's memory represents database tables (Data Tables), which was brought from the data file into memory.

<u>DataTable:</u> We can create a variable out of this class: dt. This variable in the computer's memory represents a table for saving data (Data Table), which was brought from the data file.

da.Fill (dt): Where Fill is a way to fill the rows (records) in (DataTable) inside the memory.

Q15 - Put (\checkmark) in front of the correct phrase and (\times) in front of the wrong ones:

- 1- Me.lblPorts.Text = dt.Rows (0).Item(3).ToString : Rows refer to rows and Items refer to coloumns in the Excel sheet. The rows and columns numbers start with (0); row (o) refers to first row, and item (2) refers to the third column.
- 2- The command used for inserting an image file to the control (PictureBox3) is: PictureBox3.Image = Image.FromFile ("PictureFilename.ext"). (\checkmark)
- 3- Insert a sound file into the (AxWindowsMediaPlayer) tool by typing the desired file name in the input box (InputBox) that will be executed later. (\checkmark)
- 4- The property Selected Value of the control "cmbbx State" was used to get the name of the country; to identify the video file name and path. (<)
- 5- The control WMPlayer was displayed by setting the property Visible to the value True; so you can see the video file displayed on the screen. (🗸)

- 6- You can use Try/Catch to discover errors while running the program and display an appropriate message for this error. (\checkmark)
- 7- The code Me.lblDC.Text = dt.Rows(0).Item(2).ToString customize a value to the element in the second row and first column of the data table lblDC. (x)
- 8- The event SelectedIndexChanged of the control ComboBox is executed when changing the current item in the existing list. (🗸)
- 9- The (&) operator is used to concatenate between string variables and text; the result is a single string. (\checkmark)
- The code Me.lblDC.Text = dt.Rows(0).Item(2).ToString customize a value to the element in the first row and third column in the spreadsheet and places it within the lblDC. (\checkmark)
- 11- The function FromFile is used to assign a picture from a file.
- 12- The property DisplayMember of the control ComboBox can be used to specify a field from the data source that appears inside this control. (\checkmark)
- 13- The property ValueMember of the control ComboBox can be used to specify a field from the data source as the value of each element of the list items. (\checkmark)